

Sept. 18, 1759

The French formally surrendered
Quebec to the British.

Sep 13, 1759

During the final French and Indian War, the British defeated the French on the Plains of Abraham overlooking Quebec City.

1759

1912 Dates J-EK

Charles of the TWO SICILIES
voluntarily abdicated on
accession to the throne of
Spain as Charles III

Jan 5, 1759

Geny Washington and
Methu Dandridge Custer were
married.

JAN. 6, 1759

GEORGE AND
MARTHA
WASHINGTON
WED

Aug. 18, 1759

1912 Dates J-BK

(1711-1761)

EDWARD BOSCAWEN

An English Admiral known as
'Old Bracknough'. Was at
Porto Bello and Cartagena (1740)

May 3, 1747 - at Cape C. NISITARE

1755 - Defeated French at NEWFOUNDLAND

1758 - Took Cape Breton Island from the French

Aug 18, 1759 - Defeated the French fleet
at LABOOS

1759

1912 Dates J-BK

OSWEGO

In 1759, The French & Indians tried
to get possession of Fort Oswego
then occupied by the English, but
their attack failed

1759

1912 Dates J-BK

Earthquake
In Syria; 20,000 perished

Sept 13-18, 1759

Plains of Abraham

Site of British victory, under
Gen. James Wolfe (Jan. 2, 1727 -
Sept 13, 1759), over French forces
under Gen. Louis Montcalm
(Feb 28, 1712 - Sept 14, 1759)

July²⁶ 1759

Capture of Fort Ticonderoga

July 1759

Capture of Fort Niagara

Jan. 25, 1759

Robert Burns was born

Sept 13, 1759

Capture of Quebec

1759-60

Quebec and Montreal
fell to the British

Wounded French Control in Canada
and the West

After the war Americans began
to think of themselves as
Americans rather than British
French & Indian Wars continued

the elements of the necessity of Union

Sep 18, 1759

British defeated French
at battle on Plains of
Abraham and seized
Quebec

1759

Building of canals in modern times began in England.

A Canal was dug from a coal mine owned by the Duke of Bridgewater to the City of Manchester. It was 7 mi long

Apr 14, 1759

Composer George Frideric Handel
died in London

July 31, 1759

Fort at Crown Point (N.Y.)
was blown up by French
to prevent British takeover

1759

British built Fort Amherst
on site of Crown Point (N.Y.)
It was renamed Fort Crown
Point.

Dec 3, 1759

Molly's 1st child was born
& named Caleb Stark. John & Molly
went to live in the red house @ Amoskeag Falls
in Derryfield but left Caleb Stark
with his grandfather Caleb Page

Jan 6, 1759

George Washington and
Mortimer Dendridge Custis were
married.

July 26, 1759

British Gen. Amherst
seized Fort Corillon (Ticonderoga)
from French

Apr 13, 1759

Battle of Bergen

French forces won victory
over European Allies at
Bergen, near Frankfurt.

1759
~~1765~~

After French & Indian Wars.

John Stark brought Elizabeth (now Molly)
Stark home to live with his mother
in his mother's house.

Their 1st son Caleb was (b Dec 3, 1759
at Dumbarton.) He stayed with his grandfather
at Dumbarton.

John & Molly's next 2 children
Archibald (b. May 28, 1761 d. Sep 11, 1791)

John Stark Jr. (b Apr 17, 1763) m. Mary (Polly)
HOUSE 1782 (died Nov 24, 1844 John Jr) - Both
were born in the House of Archibald (John's Father)
& Eleanor (John's mother) (called the little red
house.

1759

1912 Dates J-BK

(1699-1782) POMBAL, Sebastiao

Jose De Carvalho, Marquis de Portuguese diplomat & statesman. "The Great Marquis." Born at the Castle of Soure near Coimbra. He was appointed envoy extraordinary to the court of London. (1739). Made minister of foreign affairs (1750) Prime minister (1757). As premier Pombal crushed the Jesuits and banished them from the kingdom. Checked the

Inquisition. Encouraged agriculture
founded schools etc. He was created
marquis (1770). Banished from
court (1777).

1759, Nov

Death of the little Grand Duchess
Anna

1759

1912 Dates J-BK

(1730-1795) Josiah WEDGWOOD

English potter. Born at Burslem in Staffordshire, where he set up his business (1759). Invented a cream-colored porcelain, which was so well liked by Queen Charlotte that it was named "Queen's ware". Engaged FLAXMAN as designer and produced the well-known "Wedgwood ware", famous

for its symmetrical beauty
and artistic excellence. Wedgwood
accumulated a large fortune and
contributed liberally to charity.

1759

When John Paul was 12 he went to
sea. He became an apprentice on the
1747 "Friendship", a merchant ship. She
12 sailed to the West Indies and to Virginia
1759 on his ~~first~~^{first} voyage. His brother William
was glad to see him. He had a good
business & a large house. John Paul
went back to his ship. He joined the Royal
navy, but did not like it. He went
back to merchant ships. In time

he commanded his own ship. One day a drunken sailor threatened him with a club. John Paul drew his sword but stumbled. The sword killed the sailor. John Paul went to Virginia to his brother. not long afterword his brother died leaving some money. He added Jones to his name.

When the Revolution broke out he went to Philadelphia to offer his services. Congress made him an officer.

He was now Lieutenant John Paul Jones aboard the "Alfred", the first American warship.

1759

Poland - Telhauera

Disputation with Frankfort
at LEMBERG (LVOV)

1759

1912 Dates J-BK

(1712-1759) MONTCALM De St. Veran, Louis

Joseph, Marquis De.

French general. Born at CANDIAC near
WIMES. Entered the army, and served
in Italy and Germany. Assumed command
of French troops in Canada (1756)
Captured Fort Ontario (1756) and William
Henry (1757). Defended Ft. Ticonderoga
(1758) against the English. Was
besieged at Quebec for 6 weeks by the

English under General WOLFE, and was defeated on the Plains of Abraham where both he and General Wolfe were mortally wounded (1759). The fall of Quebec marked the end of the French power in Canada.

1759

1912 Dates J-BK

After WOLFE had waited in vain for reinforcements from General Amherst, he decided to march against Quebec on a dark night the troops were landed near the steep cliffs. In the morning, the French were taken by surprise. The battle was short, but decisive and resulted in utter defeat of the French.

On Sept 17, Quebec was surrendered to the English. Wolfe was mortally wounded and died, just after the victory. Montcalm, the French leader, also died before the city surrendered.

1759

1912 Dates J-PK

Quebec was held by the
French from 1632 to 1759

Mar. 13, 1759

Calculated return of Halley's
comet to Perihelion

1759

1912Dates J-BK

(1727-1759) James WOLFE

A major general. Conquered Quebec
Born in Kent, England. Entered
the Army 1741 where his rise was
rapid. The capture of Louisbourg was
due mainly to his efforts. Received
the command of the expedition ~~to~~
for expelling the French from Canada.
The French were defeated and later
evacuated Quebec whose fall decided

the fate of Canada.

Wolfe was killed in the hour
of Victory

Mar, 12, 1759

Halley's Comet reached the sun.

Gravity from planets influence
its orbit and time of
arrival.

Its time is 76 years or so.

1759

1912 Dates J-BK

Battle of Plains of Abraham,
(Quebec)

Death of Wolfe and Montcalm

1759-1788

Charles III

1912 Dates J-BK
Spain & Portugal

July 25, 1759

FORT NIAGARA

An English Army under PRIDEAUX
and Sir WILLIAM JOHNSON
were sent toward Montreal through
the Ohio Valley. Fort Niagara,
then held by the French, was
captured after a siege of 3 weeks.
This victory gave the English
control of the entire upper Ohio Valley.

Aug. 1, 1759

1912 Dates J-BK

MINDEN

In the fourth campaign of the Seven years' War the French were completely defeated at Minden, in Prussia by Prince Ferdinand of Brunswick with six English regiments.

Aug 12, 1759

1912 Dates J-BK

KUNERSDORF

One of the most bloody battles of the Seven Year's War was fought at KUNERSDORF, a village in Prussia. The Prussian army of 40,000 led by Frederick II was completely defeated and routed by the combined forces of Austria and Russia, commanded by LAUDON and SOLTZYKOFF.

1759

1912 Dates J-BK

Germany
Baths of MINDEN

Nov. 20, 1759

MAXEN

During the Seven Years' War the
Prussian General FINCK was surrounded
and captured by Marshal D'AU at
MAXEN in Saxony.

1759

1912 Dates J-BK

The Jesuits were banished
from Portugal

1759

1912 Dates J-BK

Italy

Naples & Sicily were governed
by Spanish Bourbons. Ferdinand
recovered them in 1759.

1759-1788

Bourbon Dynasty

Charles III, younger son of
Philip V ruled Spain 1759-1788